Medical Policy
Baroreflex Stimulation Devices

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Policy Number: 595
BCBSA Reference Number: 8.01.57
NCD/LCD: Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Category III CPT® Codes (L33392) (A56195)

Related Policies
• Radiofrequency Ablation of the Renal Sympathetic Nerves as a Treatment for Resistant Hypertension, #919

Policy
Commercial Members: Managed Care (HMO and POS), PPO, and Indemnity

Use of baroreflex stimulation implanted devices is INVESTIGATIONAL in all situations including but not limited to treatment of hypertension and heart failure.

Medicare HMO BlueSM and Medicare PPO BlueSM Members

This is not a covered service.

Medical necessity criteria and coding guidance for Medicare Advantage members living in Massachusetts can be found through the link below.

Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) for National Government Services, Inc.

Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Category III CPT® Codes (L33392) (A56195)

Note: To review the specific LCD, please remember to click “accept” on the CMS licensing agreement at the bottom of the CMS webpage.

For medical necessity criteria and coding guidance for Medicare Advantage members living outside of Massachusetts, please see the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services website at https://www.cms.gov for information regarding your specific jurisdiction.

Prior Authorization Information
Inpatient
For services described in this policy, precertification/preauthorization **IS REQUIRED** for all products if the procedure is performed **inpatient**.

**Outpatient**

For services described in this policy, see below for products where prior authorization **might be required** if the procedure is performed **outpatient**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outpatient</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Managed Care (HMO and POS)</td>
<td>This is not a covered service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial PPO and Indemnity</td>
<td>This is not a covered service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicare HMO BlueSM</td>
<td>This is not a covered service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicare PPO BlueSM</td>
<td>This is not a covered service.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**CPT Codes / HCPCS Codes / ICD Codes**

Inclusion or exclusion of a code does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement. Please refer to the member’s contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage as it applies to an individual member.

Providers should report all services using the most up-to-date industry-standard procedure, revenue, and diagnosis codes, including modifiers where applicable.

The following codes are included below for informational purposes only; this is not an all-inclusive list.

The following CPT codes are considered investigational for Commercial Members: Managed Care (HMO and POS), PPO, Indemnity, Medicare HMO Blue and Medicare PPO Blue:

**CPT Codes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT codes:</th>
<th>Code Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0266T</td>
<td>Implantation or replacement of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; total system (includes generator placement, unilateral or bilateral lead placement, intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning, when performed)</td>
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<tr>
<td>0267T</td>
<td>Implantation or replacement of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; lead only, unilateral (includes intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning when performed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0268T</td>
<td>Implantation or replacement of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; pulse generator only (includes intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning when performed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0269T</td>
<td>Revision or removal of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; total system (includes generator placement, unilateral or bilateral lead placement, intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning, when performed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0270T</td>
<td>Revision or removal of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; lead only, unilateral (includes intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning when performed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0271T</td>
<td>Revision or removal of carotid sinus baroreflex activation device; pulse generator only (includes intra-operative interrogation, programming, and repositioning when performed)</td>
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<tr>
<td>0272T</td>
<td>Interrogation device evaluation (in person), carotid sinus baroreflex activation system, including telemetric iterative communication with the implantable device to monitor system diagnostics and programmed therapy values, with interpretation and report (e.g., battery status, lead impedance, pulse amplitude, pulse width, therapy frequency, pathway mode, burst mode, therapy start/stop times each day)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0273T</td>
<td>Interrogation device evaluation (in person), carotid sinus baroreflex activation system, including telemetric iterative communication with the implantable device to monitor system diagnostics and programmed therapy values, with interpretation and report (e.g., battery status, lead impedance, pulse amplitude, pulse width, therapy frequency, pathway mode, burst mode, therapy start/stop times each day)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Description
Baroreceptors are pressure sensors contained within the walls of the carotid arteries. They are part of the autonomic nervous system that regulates basic physiologic functions such as heart rate and blood pressure. When these receptors are stretched, as occurs with increases in blood pressure, the baroreflex is activated. Activation of the baroreflex signals the brain, which responds by inhibiting sympathetic nervous system output and increasing parasympathetic nervous system output. The effect of this activation is to reduce heart rate and blood pressure, thereby helping to maintain homeostasis of the circulatory system.

The use of baroreflex stimulation devices (also known as baroreflex activation therapy) is a potential alternative treatment for resistant hypertension and heart failure. Both hypertension and heart failure are relatively common conditions and are initially treated with medications and lifestyle changes. A substantial portion of patients are unresponsive to conventional therapy and treating these patients is often challenging, expensive, and can lead to adverse events. As a result, there is a large unmet need for additional treatments.

One device is approved for sale in Europe for hypertension and heart failure patients. This second-generation system consists of a unilateral electrode and lead attached to the carotid sinus and a pulse generator implanted subcutaneously in the chest wall. Programming is performed using radiofrequency telemetry with an external laptop computer and software. The first-generation system had bilateral leads attached to each carotid sinus and a larger pulse generator.

Summary
Baroreflex stimulation devices provide electrical stimulation of the baroreceptors in the carotid arteries using an implanted device. Activation of the baroreflex inhibits the sympathetic nervous system, resulting in various physiologic changes, including slowed heart rate and lower blood pressure. A device for baroreflex stimulation has been developed but has not received U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval other than a humanitarian device exemption for patients who had previously participated in a clinical trial.

For individuals who have treatment-resistant hypertension who receive baroreflex stimulation therapy, the evidence includes a randomized controlled trial (RCT) and several small uncontrolled studies. Relevant outcomes are overall survival, functional outcomes, quality of life, hospitalizations, medication use, and treatment-resistant morbidity. The uncontrolled studies have reported short-term reductions in blood pressure in patients treated with baroreflex stimulation devices, as well as adverse events such as infection, hypoglossal nerve injury, and wound complications. The RCT comparing baroreflex stimulation with continued medical management met some efficacy end points but not others as well as 2 of its 3 predefined safety end points. Additional RCTs are needed to permit conclusions on the efficacy and safety. In addition, baroreflex stimulation currently has a very narrow Food and Drug Administration approval (ie, for patients who previously participated in a pivotal trial) and broader approval or clearance is needed for wider application. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

For individuals who have treatment-resistant heart failure who receive baroreflex stimulation therapy, the evidence includes an RCT. Relevant outcome are overall survival, functional outcomes, quality of life, hospitalizations, medication use, and treatment-resistant morbidity. The RCT met all 3 efficacy end points but had methodologic limitations, including lack of blinding, a relatively small sample size for a common condition and a relatively short intervention period. A second, larger, RCT designed to assess the effects of the intervention on mortality, safety, functional, and quality of life outcomes, is underway. In addition, the only baroreflex stimulation device with humanitarian device exemption approval currently has only a very narrow Food and Drug Administration approval (ie, for patients who previously participated in a
pivotal trial) and broader approval or clearance is needed for wider application. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effect of the technology on health outcomes.

**Policy History**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Action</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6/2017</td>
<td>New references added from BCBSA National medical policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/2013</td>
<td>New references from BCBSA National medical policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/1/2012</td>
<td>New policy, effective 1/1/2012, describing ongoing non-coverage.</td>
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**Information Pertaining to All Blue Cross Blue Shield Medical Policies**

Click on any of the following terms to access the relevant information:

- Medical Policy Terms of Use
- Managed Care Guidelines
- Indemnity/PPO Guidelines
- Clinical Exception Process
- Medical Technology Assessment Guidelines

**References**


