

Health Care Reform Regulations Impacting Employers

July, 2007

Health Care Reform Regulations Impacting Employers			MASSACHUSE	
	All employers with fewer than 11 full-time equivalent employees	Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees located in Massachusetts	ASC employers	
Fair Share Contribution		✓	✓	
Free Rider Surcharge		✓	✓	
Health Insurance Responsibility Disclosure (HIRD)		✓	✓	
Health Insurance 1099	~	✓	✓	
Minimal Creditable Coverage	~	✓	✓	
Non-Discrimination/Equal Contribution	✓	✓		
Dependents to Age 26	✓	✓		

Fair Share Contribution and Free Rider Surcharge



	How do accounts comply?	When does it go into effect?	What is the penalty if accounts do not comply?	What are the filing requirements for accounts?
 Fair Share Contribution Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees ASC employers 	 Achieve 25% participation by full-time employees in the employer's group health plan OR Offer to contribute at least 33% of the premium cost of its health plan to all full- time employees 	 Liability for the Fair Share Contribution is based on data from October 1, 2006 to September 30, 2007 Requirement goes into effect on July 1, 2007 	An annual per employee contribution of \$295	 To demonstrate compliance with the Free Rider Surcharge and the Fair Share Contribution, employers must file a HIRD form annually with the Division of Health Care Finance and Policy (DHCFP) and collect employee HIRD forms. Employee HIRD forms must be maintained for three years
Free Rider Surcharge • Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees • ASC employers	• Establish a Section 125 Plan that meets the regulations of the Connector by October 1, 2007	 Liability for the Free Rider Surcharge is based on data from April 1 of each year through March 31 of the following year The Requirement goes into effect on July 1, 2007 Note: Section 125 regulations were finalized on June 5, 2007 	• The surcharge will range from 10% to 100% of the state's uncompensated cost of services provided to the employees and their dependents—with the first \$50,000 per employee exempted	 To demonstrate compliance with the Free Rider Surcharge and the Fair Share Contribution, employers must file a HIRD form annually with the DHCFP and collect employee HIRD forms. Employee HIRD forms must be maintained for three years

HIRD and Health Insurance 1099 (MA 1099-HC)



	How do accounts comply?	When does it go into effect?	What is the penalty if accounts do not comply?	What are the filing requirements for accounts?
 HIRD Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees ASC employers 	 To avoid the Free Rider Surcharge and demonstrate compliance with the Fair Share Contribution, employers must file a HIRD form annually with the DHCFP and collect employee HIRD forms. Employee HIRD forms must be maintained for three years 	 The date by which the employer HIRD form needs to be completed and filed is November 15, 2007 Employee HIRD form and more information on the employer HIRD form are available at www.mass.gov Legislation goes into effect on July 1, 2007 	 Not yet finalized 	• To avoid the Free Rider Surcharge and demonstrate compliance with the Fair Share Contribution, employers must file a HIRD form annually with the DHCFP and collect employee HIRD forms. Employee HIRD forms must be maintained for three years
 Health Insurance 1099 All employers with fewer than 11 full-time equivalent employees Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees ASC employers 	 Fully insured: No action is required on behalf of Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts fully insured accounts. Carriers are required to generate HC- 1099 for all fully insured members Self insured: Department of Revenue (DOR) has not yet finalized the process for self- insured accounts. Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts will issue 1099-HC statements to self-insured subscribers enrolled as of December 31, 2007 	 Filing is due January 31, 2008 	 There will be financial penalties (yet to be determined by DOR) levied on health plans and potentially self- insured employers that do not meet filing requirements 	 Fully insured: No action is required on behalf of Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts fully insured accounts. Carriers are required to generate HC-1099 for all fully insured members Self insured: DOR has not yet finalized the process for self- insured accounts. Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts will issue 1099-HC statements to self- insured subscribers enrolled as of December 31, 2007

Minimum Creditable Coverage and Non-Discrimination/Equal Contribution



	How do accounts comply?	When does it go into effect?	What is the penalty if accounts do not comply?	What are the filing requirements for accounts?
Minimum Creditable Coverage • All employers with fewer than 11 full-time equivalent employees • Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees • ASC employers	 From July 1, 2007 to Decemb any health plan benefit will be creditable coverage for purpo individual mandate Regulations were finalized on 	e treated as minimum ses of complying with the	 None. This is an individual mandate Penalties may apply to individuals 	Currently none
 Non-Discrimination/ Equal Contribution All employers with fewer than 11 full-time equivalent employees Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees 	 An employer may not contribute more toward the premium of a highly paid, full-time employee than they contribute toward a lower-paid full-time employee in Massachusetts. Exceptions for longevity and health and wellness incentives 	 Applies to contracts for which sale or renewal is closed on or after July 1, 2007 	 None. This is an insurer mandate Insurers are prohibited from contracting with an account that fails to meet the non-discrimination requirement 	 Premium agreement will now contain language about equal contribution and will be included in the renewal package which will be sent to an account with the confirmation letter

Expanded Dependent Coverage/Dependents to Age 26



	How do accounts comply?	When does it go into effect?	What is the penalty if accounts do not comply?	What are the filing requirements for accounts?
Expanded Dependent Coverage/Dependents to Age 26 • All employers with fewer than 11 full-time equivalent employees • Fully insured employers with 11 or more full-time equivalent employees	 Requires that carriers with insured health benefit plans that provide for dependent coverage extend such coverage to age 26, or for two years after the dependent is no longer claimed on the subscriber's or spouse's federal tax return, whichever comes first 	• Went into effect January 1, 2007	None. This is an insurer mandate	• None

FAQs Regarding Free Rider Surcharge and Fair Share Contribution



Q: How does an account determine if it has 11 or more full-time equivalent employees?	A: An employer has 11 or more full-time equivalent employees during the applicable determination period if the sum of total payroll hours for all employees during the applicable determination period divided by 2,000 is greater than 11.
Q: How does an account determine the sum of total payroll hours?	A: Payroll hours include all hours for which an employer paid wages including regular, vacation, sick, paid Federal Medical Leave of Absence, short-term disability, long-term disability, overtime, and holiday payroll hours. Employees include full-time, part-time, temporary, and seasonal.
Q: What is the determination period to assess the number of full-time equivalent employees?	A: The determination period for the initial determination of coverage is from April 1, 2006 through March 31, 2007. If the employer does not have 11 or more employees over this period, then the period for determining coverage runs from April 1 of each year to March 31 of the following year.
Q: How are seasonal and temporary employees defined?	A: A seasonal employee is an employee whose employment does not exceed 16 weeks. A temporary employee is an employee (either full-time or part-time) whose employment is explicitly temporary in nature and who does not work for more than 12 consecutive weeks during the period from October 1 through September 30.
Q: How is a full-time employee defined?	A: A full-time employee is an employee who works 35 hours or more per week.